

GENVOYA (elvitegravir, cobicistat, emtricitabine, and tenofovir alafenamide)

Effective Date: 4/26/16

Date Developed: 4/14/16 by Dr. Robert Sterling
Date Approved by P&T Committee: 4/26/16, 1/24/17,
1/23/18, 1/22/19, 2/18/20

Genvoya is a fixed-dose, four-drug combination tablet containing elvitegravir, cobicistat, emtricitabine, and tenofovir alafenamide (TAF), the latter being a newer form of tenofovir disoproxil fumarate (TDF). Genvoya is effective in reducing viral loads and comparable to other treatment regimens.

Elvitegravir is an HIV-1 integrase strand transfer inhibitor (INSTI), cobicistat, a CYP3A inhibitor, and emtricitabine and tenofovir alafenamide (TAF) are both HIV 1 nucleoside analog reverse transcriptase inhibitors (NRTIs).

Note: The advantages of Genvoya are that it is dosed once per day and that the new form of tenofovir provides lower levels of drug in the bloodstream, but higher levels within the cells where HIV-1 replicates, thus ostensibly reducing many side effects (particularly liver, kidney and bone toxicity). Thus, the focus in using this medication would be patients who have had intolerable side effects to the other regimens.

Pre-Authorization Criteria: adults and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older weighing at least 35 Kg (77 Lb) who have no antiretroviral treatment history (treatment naïve), or to replace the current antiretroviral regimen in those who are virologically-suppressed (HIV-1 RNA less than 50 copies per mL) on a stable antiretroviral regimen for at least 6 months with no history of treatment failure and no known substitutions associated with resistance to Genvoya's individual components. Patients should have a creatinine clearance of ≥ 30 mL/min.

Note: Not approved for treatment of Hepatitis B, for patients coinfected with HIV-1 and Hepatitis B, patients with Child-Pugh class C hepatic impairment. See Precautions.

Dosing: one tablet (150mg/150mg/200mg/10mg) daily with food

How Supplied: Combination tablet: 150mg elvitegravir /150mg elvitegravir /

200mg cobicistat /10mg tenofovir alafenamide

Precautions: Check hepatic and renal function before initiating therapy (not approved for patients co-infected with Hepatitis B, Child-Pugh Class C hepatic impairment or patients with Creatinine Clearance less than 30mL/min); decreased bone mineral density, fat redistribution and immune reconstitution syndrome

Boxed Warning: Genvoya can cause lactic acidosis and liver failure (severe hepatomegaly and steatosis), both of which can be fatal. Genvoya is not approved to treat chronic Hepatitis B infection.

Drug Interactions: medications metabolized by CYP3A and CYP2D6 enzymes

REFERENCES

Shafer RW, Smeaton LM, Robbins GK, et al. Comparison of four-drug regimens and pairs of sequential three-drug regimens as initial therapy for HIV-1 infection. N Engl J Med 2003; 349:2304.

Ryom L, Mocroft A, Kirk O, et al. Association between antiretroviral exposure and renal impairment among HIV-positive persons with normal baseline renal function: the D:A:D study. J Infect Dis 2013; 207:1359.

Gardner EM, Hullsiek KH, Telzak EE, et al. Antiretroviral medication adherence and class-specific resistance in a large prospective clinical trial. AIDS 2010; 24:395.

Sax PE, DeJesus E, Mills A, et al. Co-formulated elvitegravir, cobicistat, emtricitabine, and tenofovir versus co-formulated efavirenz, emtricitabine, and tenofovir for initial treatment of HIV-1 infection: a randomised, double-blind, phase 3 trial, analysis of results after 48 weeks. Lancet 2012; 379:2439.

Tourret J, Deray G, Isnard-Bagnis C. Tenofovir effect on the kidneys of HIV-infected patients: a double-edged sword? J Am Soc Nephrol 2013; 24:1519.

Zimmermann AE, Pizzoferrato T, Bedford J, et al. Tenofovir-associated acute and chronic kidney disease: a case of multiple drug interactions. Clin Infect Dis 2006; 42:283.

Nachega JB, Parienti JJ, Uthman OA, et al. Lower pill burden and once-daily antiretroviral treatment regimens for HIV infection: A meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Clin Infect Dis 2014; 58:1297.

McComsey GA, Kitch D, Daar ES, et al. Bone mineral density and fractures in antiretroviral-naive persons randomized to receive abacavir-lamivudine or tenofovir disoproxil fumarate-emtricitabine along with efavirenz or atazanavir-ritonavir: Aids Clinical Trials Group A5224s, a substudy of ACTG A5202. J Infect Dis 2011; 203:1791.

Smith KY, Patel P, Fine D, et al. Randomized, double-blind, placebo-matched, multicenter trial of abacavir/lamivudine or tenofovir/emtricitabine with lopinavir/ritonavir for initial HIV treatment. AIDS 2009; 23:1547.

Sax PE, Wohl D, Yin MT, et al. Tenofovir alafenamide versus tenofovir disoproxil fumarate, coformulated with elvitegravir, cobicistat, and emtricitabine, for initial treatment of HIV-1 infection: two randomised, double-blind, phase 3, non-inferiority trials. Lancet 2015; 385:2606.

Günthard HF, Aberg JA, Eron JJ, et al. Antiretroviral treatment of adult HIV infection: 2014 recommendations of the International Antiviral Society-USA Panel. JAMA 2014; 312:410.

Panel on Antiretroviral Guidelines for Adults and Adolescents. Guidelines for the use of antiretroviral agents in HIV-1-infected adults and adolescents. Department of Health and Human Services. Available at

http://aidsinfo.nih.gov/contentfiles/lvguidelines/AdultandAdolescentGL.pdf (Accessed on January 28, 2016).

Revision History:

Date Approved by P&T Committee: 4/26/16

Date Reviewed/No Updates: 1/24/17 by C. Sanders, MD; R. Sterling, MD

Date Approved by P&T Committee: 1/24/17

Date Reviewed/No Updates: 1/23/18 by C. Sanders, MD; R. Sterling, MD

Date Approved by P&T Committee: 1/23/18

Date Reviewed/No Updates: 1/22/19 by C. Sanders, MD; R. Sterling, MD

Date Approved by P&T Committee: 1/22/19

Date Reviewed/No Updates: 2/18/20 by H. Taekman, MD; R. Sterling, MD

Date Approved by P&T Committee: 2/18/20

Revision Date	Content Revised (Yes/No)	Contributors	Review/Revision Notes
1/24/17	No	Catherine Sanders, MD;	Annual review
		Robert Sterling, MD	
1/23/18	No	Catherine Sanders, MD;	Annual review
		Robert Sterling, MD	
1/22/19	No	Catherine Sanders, MD;	Annual review
		Robert Sterling, MD	
2/18/20	No	Howard Taekman, MD;	Annual review
		Robert Sterling, MD	